

# Advanced Linux ( network servers) - 3 days

## 1. DNS Concepts

- Naming Services
- A Better Way
- The Domain Name Space
- Delegation and Zones
- Server Roles
- Resolving Names
- Resolving IP Adresses
- BIND Administration
- rndc Key Configuration
- Configuring the Resolver
- Testing Resolution

## 2. Configuring BIND

- BIND Configuration Files
- named.conf
- Creating a Site-Wide Cache
- Zones In named.conf
- Zone Database File Syntax
- SOA – Start of Authority
- A & PTR – Adress & Pointer
- NS
- CNAME & MX
- Abbreviations and Gotchas
- \$ORIGIN and \$GENERATE

## 3. Creating DNS hierarchies

- Subdomains and Delegation
- Subdomains
- Delegating Zones
- in-addr.arpa. Delegation
- Issues with in-addr.arpa.

## 4. Securing BIND and DNS

- Split Namespaces
- Using Views with BIND9
- Address Match Lists & ACLs
- Restricting Queries
- Restricting Zone Transfers
- Running BIND in chroot jail
- Dynamic DNS Concepts
- Allowing Dynamics DNS Updates
- DDNS Administration with nsupdate
- Common Problems

## 5. Configure DHCP Server

- The /etc/sysconfig/dhcpd Configuration File
- The /etc/dhcpd.conf Configuration File
- Assign Fixed Addresses
- Configure DHCP Pools
- Use Classes

## 6. Configure DHCP Client

- /etc/sysconfig/network/ directory

## 7. Configure DHCP Relay Server

## 8. Use DHCP and Dynamic DNS

- The Client Transmits Its Name to the DHCP Server
- The DHCP Server Assigns a Name to the Client

## 9. Configure DHCP Failover

- Basics of DHCP Failover
- Configure Failover

## 10. Troubleshoot DHCP

- hcping
- dhcpdump

## 11. Enable Fundamental Network Services

- Enable the Extended Internet Daemon (**xinetd**)
  - What **xinetd** Is
  - Manage **xinetd** Manually
- Enable an **FTP Server**
  - The Role of an **FTP Server**
  - How FTP Works
  - Advantages of **PureFTPd** Server
  - Install and Run **PureFTPd** Server
  - Configure **PureFTPd** Server
  - Manage **PureFTPd** Logs
- Configure **Time** on SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
  - Fundamental Concepts
  - Synchronize Time with netdate and hwclock

--The Network Time Protocol (**NTP**)

--Synchronize Time with **NTP**

-Configure **NFS** (Network File System)

--Set up and Manage Network File System (**NFS**)